

### The Russian Navy in Transition

Christopher Carlson Cold Wars 2016

Admiralty Trilogy Seminar



#### **Outline**



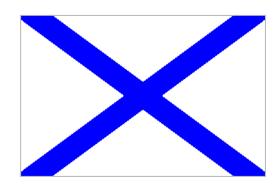
- **♦** The Lost Decade and a Half: 1995 − 2010
  - Low production, select maintenance --- Dramatic losses in OOB
- The Beginning of the Transition
- New Russian Naval Doctrine
- The Four Fleets
  - Caspian Sea Flotilla
- Shipbuilding Plans
  - Modernizations
  - New construction
  - Long term aspirations
  - Super weapons?
- Syrian LACM strike
- Conclusions





#### The Lost Decade and a Half: 1995 - 2010





- The Soviet Union fell apart on 26 December 1991
- Throughout the early 1990s, production coasted down
  - Submarines coasted longer than surface ships
  - Maintenance was largely curtailed, SSBN overhauls were the exception – (Project 667BDR and 667BDRM)
  - By 1996, new production had essentially ceased
- By 1999, Russian naval funding had plummeted
  - Overall defense spending was down between 75% to 88%
  - Ship and submarine deployments severely cut back
  - Dramatic reduction in naval order of battle

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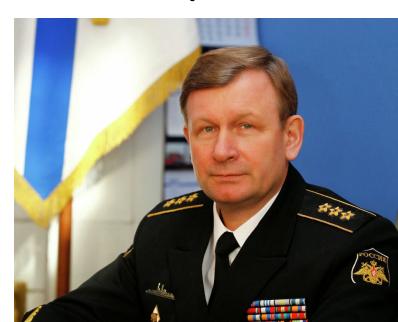
#### The Lost Decade and a Half: 1995 - 2010

- Project 949A Oscar II submarine Kursk sinks from an internal explosion on 12 August 2000 – All hands lost
  - Explosion due to poor maintenance of a 65-76 torpedo
- By 2005 funding levels start to improve, but a lot of work has been put off, infrastructure problems aren't helping
- New production tries to get off the ground
  - Project 955 Yuri Dolgoruky rolled out in April 2007
  - Project 885 Severodvinsk rolled out in June 2010
- ◆ 2008 Military reforms transferred aviation strike assets to the Russian Air Force (completed by 2011)
- 2008 South Ossetia War Minor naval action
- → In 2010 Russian Navy fleets were transferred to joint military district control – effectively no longer a separate branch of the armed forces



#### The Beginning of the Transition

- ◆ The return of Vladimir Putin as President of the Russian Federation in 2012, and with a new Russian Navy CINC, signaled major changes were about to be made
  - Some improvements had started a little earlier
- Admiral Viktor Chirkov was tasked with essentially overhauling and rebuilding the Russian Navy
  - 51 new modern surface ships and 24 new submarines by 2020
  - Putin allocates significant resources toward the shipbuilding plan
  - Recently announced his retirement due to ill health
- Rapid series of new keel layings and major overhauls are started over the next three years



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#### **New Russian Naval Doctrine**

- New maritime doctrine announced by Putin on 26 July 2015
  - "Maritime Doctrine 2015"
  - Driven by NATO expansion, changes in international situation
  - Largely similar to the doctrine of the Soviet Navy
- Six regional areas Atlantic, Arctic, Antarctic, Caspian, Indian Ocean, and Pacific
- Main navy responsibilities:
  - Ensuring nuclear deterrent
  - The defense of the islands, the coast, and the interior of the country against attack from the sea Defend the Homeland
  - Participation in the protection of marine and offshore natural resources, including in the disputed areas – the Arctic
  - Provide "power projection" in all corners of the world Syria
- Shipbuilding section was added, aggressive goals
  - Long-range production plan submarines and ships
  - Robust worldwide C2 and unmanned vehicles

#### **Status of the Four Fleets**

- ◆ Northern Fleet The "best" off of the four
  - Most of the surface combatants and nuclear submarines
  - Keeping ships maintained has been a real challenge
- Pacific Fleet The neglected brother
  - Has only two operating(?) SSBNs, very few SSNs and SSGNs
  - Project 955 SSBN *Alexander Nevsky* arrived in Sept 2015, *Vladimir Monomakh* to transfer in 2016
  - Only a handful of warships are still operational



## ADDITION THE COST

#### **Status of the Four Fleets**

- Baltic Fleet Plodding along
  - Second "best" fleet, but mostly small patrol craft
  - Starting to receive new Project 20380/20381 Steregushchy corvettes
- Black Sea Fleet Red haired, bastard step-child
  - Withered soon after the dissolution of the Soviet Union
  - Annexing Crimea described as securing Black Sea Fleet base
  - Starting to receive new Project 21631 Buyan-M corvettes and Project 636.3 Kilo submarines





#### Caspian Sea Flotilla

- Actually doing pretty good –received a number of new platforms
  - Two Project 11661 Gepard-class frigates
  - Three Project 21630 Buyan-class patrol boats
- Surprised the world with Kalibr-NK strike in October 2015



#### **Modernization Plans**



- The Russian Navy is carefully examining a number of platforms to determine which will receive major upgrades and modernize their capabilities – Capital Repair
- Project 949AM Four hulls identified in contracts thus far
  - Northern Fleet: Orel
  - Pacific Fleet: Irkutsk, Chelyabinsk, Tver
- Major upgrade in electronics, sensors, combat system and a tripling of their missile load out
  - Overhaul of the propulsion plant, reactors being recored
- Select Project 971 Akula-class SSNs will also be modernized,
  Project 945/945A Sierra I/II SSNs will not (recent budget woes)
- Project 1144 Admiral Nakhimov placed in front of Hall 50 at the Severodvinsk Shipyard in October 2014 to begin a major modernization with new sensors and weapons

#### **Shipbuilding Plans**



- ◆ The Russian Navy has "announced" a rather impressive new construction plan to essentially rebuild the fleet
  - 49 of the 51 new ships to be built in Russian yards
    - The other two were the French Mistral-class LHD Canceled
    - Project 23560? Leader destroyers
    - Project 22350 Gorshkov frigates
    - Project 11356M Grigorovich frigates
    - Project 20380 Steregushchy corvettes
    - Project 20385 Gremyashchy corvettes
  - 24 new submarines are to be produced
    - 8 Project 955/955A Borey/Borey-A SSBNs
    - 6 Project 885/885M Yasen/Yasen-M SSGNs
    - 6 Project 636.3 Kilos SS
    - 4? Project 677 Lada SS Canceled after 3 hulls
- Well, that's the plan...



#### **Project 949AM Oscar II**

Project 949AM Orel



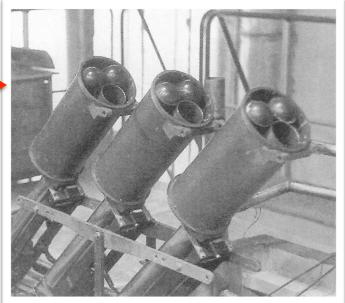




SM-225A launcher w/ 1 x 3M45 Granit (SS-N-19)

UKSK launcher based on SM-315 launcher w/ 3 x 3M55 Onyx (SS-N-26) or Klub family

Increases an Oscar II's load out to 72 missiles!





### Orel Fire in April 2015



Port shaft pulled – full propulsion train overhaul

Probable outline of REPS-324 Barrier system (SPETS) similar to those on *Severodvinsk* 





#### Admiral Nahkimov Overhaul



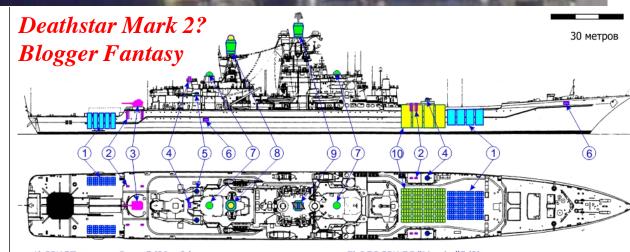
### TOTAL TOTAL

#### Admiral Nahkimov Overhaul



Replace 20 3M45 Granit (SS-N-19) launchers with 80 UKSK launchers for 3M55 Onyx (SS-N-26) and Kalibr family of ASCMs, LACMs, and ASW missiles – an increase by a factor of 4!

No change to B-203 SAM launchers, but missile and directors changed to the S-300FM/SA-N-20



- ЗРК "Полимент-Редут" (30 x 8)
- 2) ЗРК БД "Морфей" (8 x 8)
- 3) Универсальная артустановка А-190 (1 х 1)
- 4) СУАО "Пума-02"
- 5) 3AK AK-630 (4 x 1)
- 6) Четырёхтрубные ТА ПТЗ "Пакет-НК" (4 x 4)

- 7) РЛС ЗРК БД "Морфей" (2)
- 8) РЛС "Фуркэ" и РЛС "Полимент", интегрированный в мачту (3 неподвижные ФАР)
- 9) РЛС "Фрегат М2ЭМ" " и РЛС "Полимент", интегрированный в мачту (4 неподвижные ФАР) 10) УКСК (20 x 8)



#### Project 955/955A Borey SSBN

- Three Project 955 submarines completed
- Four Project 955A submarines on the building ways
  - Emperor Alexander III laid down on 18 December 2015
- Eight total 955/955A SSBNs to be built





#### Project 885/885M Yasen SSGN

- Severodvinsk accepted into service on 23 December 2013
  - Acceptance delayed by numerous production issues
- Project 885M lead unit, Kazan, roll out delayed to 2016
- Three more Project 885M units under construction
  - Fourth unit, Arkhangelsk, laid down on 19 March 2015



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#### Project 677 Lada SS

- Lead unit, Saint Petersburg, commissioned in May 2010
  - Significant delays, transferred to Northern Fleet in October 2013
- Two more under construction
  - Kronshtadt and Velikiye Luki also having problems, delayed to 2019
- Additional units effectively canceled in January 2016
  - Pacific Fleet looking to get six Project 636.6 Kilos instead





#### Project 20350 Gorshkov FFG

- Lead unit, Admiral Gorshkov, still in sea trials
  - Development problems with S-350 Redut SAM system
  - Poliment AESA radar also delayed
- Three more units under construction, hulls 3 & 4 are experiencing delays due to a lack of gas turbines
  - Marine gas turbines are imported from Ukraine





#### Project 11356M Grigorovich FFG

- ♦ Six units ordered for the Black Sea Fleet
  - Admiral Grigorovich commissioned on 11 March 2016, second unit undergoing sea trials, a third is still on the ways
  - Based on *Talwar* frigate design built for India
- Second batch of three on hold due to a lack of gas turbines
  - Ukrainian state-owned enterprise Zorya-Mashproekt refuses to deliver ordered engines
  - Russian now considering selling last three ships to India







- Nuclear-powered aircraft carrier
- Project 23000 Shtorm
  - 90,000 to 100,000 tons
  - 80 to 90 aircraft
- Sometime after 2025?

# A Many Fee and San Loan

- New large destroyer design revealed in May 2015
- Project 23560 Leader (Lider)
  - 15,000 18,000 tons
  - Gas turbine or perhaps nuclear powered
  - Possibly 200+ vertical launch cells
- Construction to begin around 2019

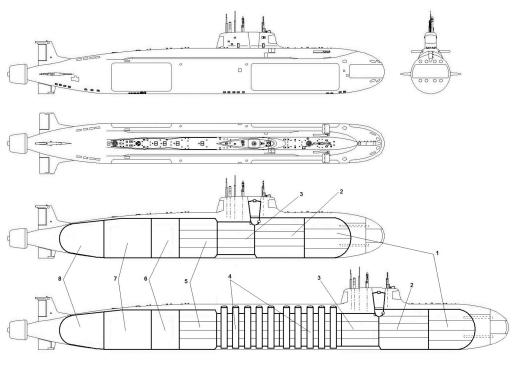


# Alliant Fee and Son Facin

- Project 22160 stealthy corvette
  - 1,500 to 1,800 tons
  - Kalibr-NK missiles
  - **57mm gun**
- Three units reported to be under construction







1 - Торпедный отсек; 2 - отсек ЦП; 3 и 5 - жилые отсеки; 4 - ракетные отсеки; 6 - реакторный отсек; 7 - турбинный отсек; 8 - отсек вспомогательного энергетического оборудования

- ◆ 5<sup>th</sup> generation submarines are in the initial design phase at Rubin and likely Malachite design bureaus
  - New SSN could be smaller and less costly than Project 885/885M
  - New SSBN to use many of the same components to reduce cost
  - Project Kalina conventional submarine to have AIP
  - Construction to begin around 2020

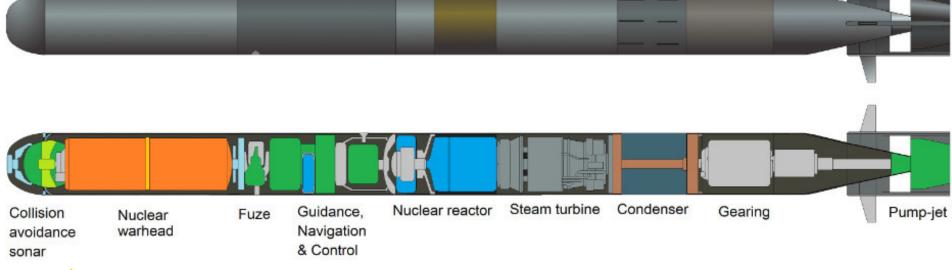
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#### **Super Weapons?**



- Status-6 long-range, nuclear-powered, nuclear armed coastal attack torpedo
  - Leaked(?) photo on Russian TV in November 2015

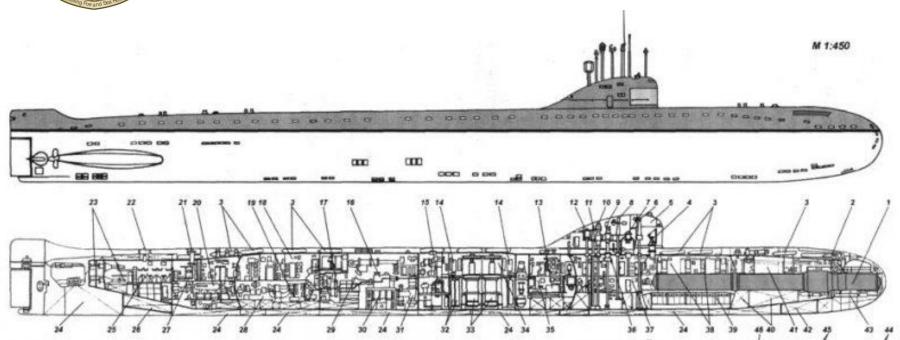
#### **Status-6 Torpedo**



- This beast is big...really big
- Status-6 torpedo (aka Project Kanyon)
  - Length: 24 meters
  - Diameter: 1.6 meters
  - Range: 10,000 km
  - Speed: 100 knots
  - Payload: multi-megaton nuclear warhead

# TOMPANY TRUGGY

#### No, this isn't new...



 Original Project 627 design was to have a single large tube for the T-15 coastal attack torpedo

- Length: 23.5 meters

Diameter: 1.5 meters

- **Range: 40 km** 

- Payload: 100 MT nuclear warhead



#### Project 09851 Khabarovsk

Project 09851 KHABAROVSK





- Large carrier submarine
  - 10,000 tons (surface displacement)
  - Larger than a Project 971 Akula class SSN
  - Potentially up to six Status-6 weapons
- Laid down at Severodvinsk Shipyard on 27 July 2014
- Project 09852 Belgorod also a potential carrier

### Syria LACM Strikes





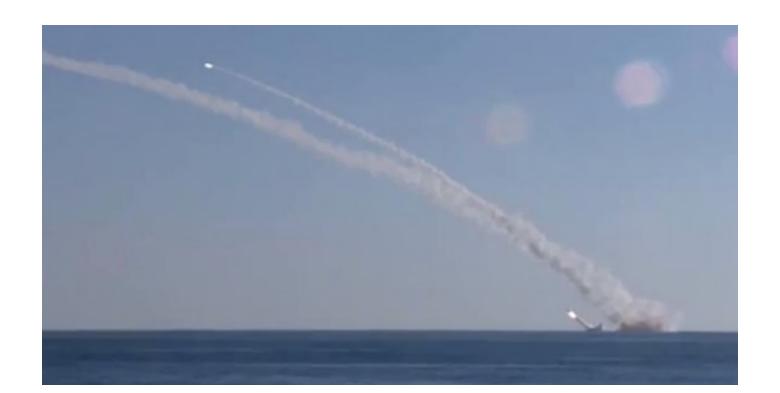


- Two strike missions with 3M-14 Kalibr LACMS
- **♦** First attack from Caspian Sea on 7 October 2015
  - Project 1166.1 Gepard frigate Dagestan
  - Three Project 21631 corvettes Grad Sviyazhsk, Uglich, Veliki Ustyug
- **♦ 26 x Kalibr-NK LACMs fired at eleven ISIS targets** 
  - Four reportedly crashed in Iran
- Missiles flew about 1,500 km



#### **Syria LACM Strikes**

- Project 636.3 Kilo, Rostov-on-Don, launched four to six 3M-14
  Kalibr LACMs against two ISIS positions on 8 December 2015
- Strike conducted from the Mediterranean Sea
  - First LACM attack by a Russian submarine



#### **Conclusions**



- ◆ The Russian Navy had a very hard 15 years after the fall of the USSR, during which the fleet underwent a radical depopulation
- Between a lack of funding, poor planning, an old and worn out infrastructure, and bad luck, the navy lost many ships and subs
  - Possibly up to 80% of the surface fleet was lost, 66% of the submarine force, and all its strike aircraft transferred
- ◆ Putin's return to power in 2012 is driving a 180 degree course change – he is putting significant resources to rebuild the navy
  - Putin is using the navy to help demonstrate Russia's power
- While it is still too early to tell if this fleet revitalization plan will work, the initial indicators suggest they're giving it a good try
  - Sanctions and the drop in oil prices are having a negative impact on the military's budget – 5% reduction for 2017
  - Surface ship construction especially affected by the loss of Ukrainian marine gas turbine propulsion plants